

B.A.LL.B. II SEMESTER, (NEW)

Paper 1-English –II

I. Grammar and Usage

- Transformation of Sentences: Dimple- Compound- Complex, Vice, Exclamatory- Assertive.
- Conjunctions (Simple Conjunctions and Co-Relative Conjunctions)

II Comprehension

- Reading Comprehension- Word Meaning –Using them in Sentences, Précis Writing (60-100 Words), and short questions-Answers.

• Legal Terms (Common Words)

- a- Compos Mentis
- b- Fait accompli
- c- Impasse
- d- Infra Dignitatum
- a- Modus Operandi
- b- Ignorantia Legis Neminem Excusat
- c- In Judicio Non Creditur Nisi Juratis
- d- In Pari Causa Possessor Potior Haberi Debet
- e- Judicium Redditur In Invitum
- f- Matrimonia Debent Esse Libera.

Paper 2-History –II

I. Medieval Period

- 1- Delhi Sultanate: Administration – Theocratic-Central Administration
- 2- Judiciary during Delhi Sultanate: Organization of the Judiciary – Hindu and Muslim Code –Punishment.
- 3- Mughals: Administration – Central and Munsabdari System – Religious Policy of Akbar.
- 4- Judiciary under Mughals

II. Modern India

- 1- Advent of Europeans- Establishment of British Rule in India 1740- 1764- Carnatic Wars – Battle of Plassey and Battle of Buxar.
- 2- British Rule Up to 1857.
- 3- Impact of the British Rule – Administration – Law Judiciary.
- 4- Economic Impact of the British Rule – Drain Theory.
- 5- Socio- Religious Reform Movement of the 19th Century – Social Legislation.
- 6- Freedom Struggle
 - A-Factors for the Birth of Indian National
 - B-First Phase of the Freedom Struggle – 1885-1916.
 - C- Second Phase of the Freedom Struggle -1916- 1935.
 - D- Some Great Men of India: Bal Gangadhar Tilak, Gopal Krishna Gokhale, Lala Lajpat Rai, Subhah Chandra Bose, Gandhi, Aurobindo, Bhagat Singh, Laxmi Bai of Hans.

Paper 3- Sociology–II

- 1- Social Change-Concept to Factors, Modes of Social Change Evolution Progress, Development, Process of Social Change Sanskritization, Westernization, Urbanization Industrialization, Social Mobility among Schedule Castes and Schedule Tribes
Changing Status of Women in India, Women and Law.
- 2-Social Deviance and Deviant Behavior, Causes of Deviance Social and Legal Concept Of Crime, Factors and Theories of Crime Juvenile Delinquency – Causes and Treatment, White Collar Crimes, Organized and Professional Crimes, Prostitution Alcoholism and Drug Addiction.

Paper-4- POLITICAL SCIENCE –II

- 1-Forms of Government-Aristotle's Classification –Modern Classification –Democracy And Dictatorship, Unitary and Federal, Parliamentary and Presidential Forms with their Respective Features, Strength and weaknesses.
- 2-Constitution: Contents and Essentials- Types- Written and Unwritten, Flexible and Rigid with their Respective Features, Merits and Demerits.
- 3- Theory of Separation of Power –Meaning, Application to Modern Governments with Special Reference to U.S.A., U.K. and India- Evaluation.
- 4- Legislature Functions: Functions- Arguments for and against Bicameralism.
- 5- Executive Functions- Civil Service, Reasons for the Growth of Executive Authority.
- 6- Judiciary: Functions: Judicial Review, Judicial Activism, Independence of Judiciary, Judiciary it's Relation with Legislature and Executive.
- 7- Representation – Duty of a Representative- Arguments for and against Universal Suffrage, Single vs. Multimember Constituencies- Representation of Minorities.

Paper 5- Contract –II (Sec. 76 Onwards), Indian Partnership Act and Sale of Goods Act.

- 1- Indemnity and guarantee.
- 2- Bailment and pledge.
- 3- Agency.
- 4- Formation of contract of sale, agreement of sale and hire- purchase agreements.
- 5- Conditions and warranties.
- 6- Transfer of property and transfer of title of buyer.
- 7- Rights of unpaid seller.
- 8- Partnership- nature & definition, incoming, and outgoing partners.
- 9- Relation of one partner to one another.
- 10- Relation of partners to third parties.
- 11- Dissolution of partnership firm.
- 12- Registration and effects of non- registration of firms.